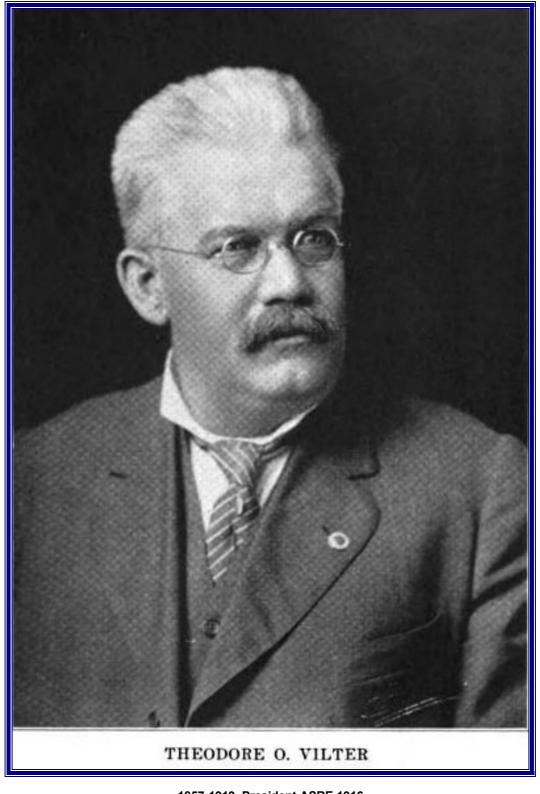
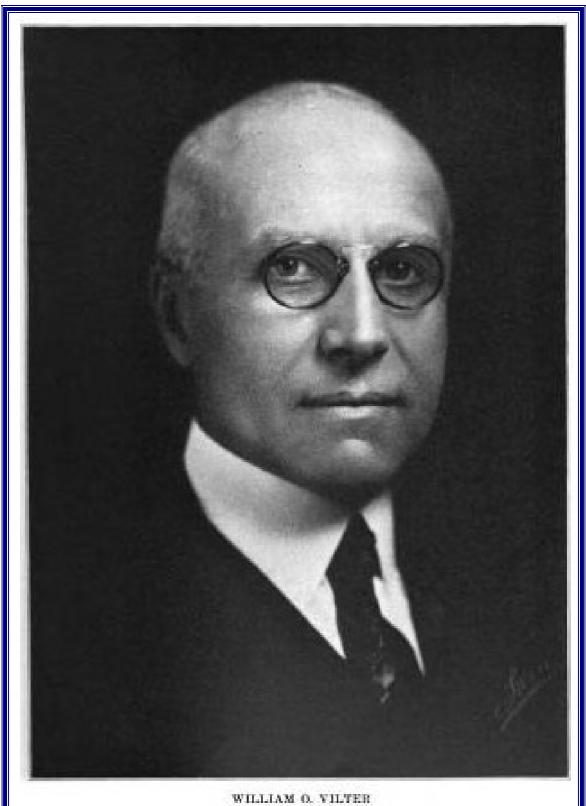
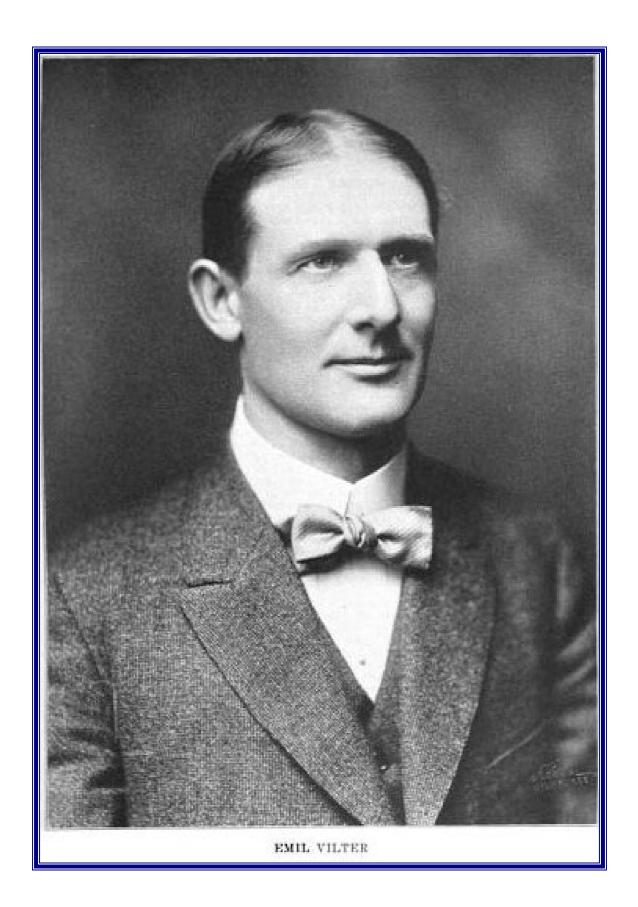
THEODORE VILTER

By EurIng Brian Roberts, CIBSE Heritage Group



1857-1919, President ASRE 1916



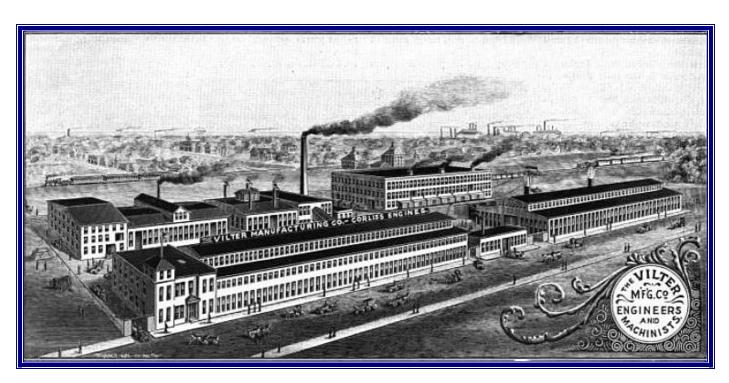


Theodore Oltmanns (or Olimanns), later Vilter, was born on 25 October, 1857 in the province of Oldenburg in Germany. His father, a farmer, died when Theodore was an infant. His mother remarried to Ernst Vilter, the family moving to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, in 1871. Theodore continued his education at the Milwaukee German-English Academy before becoming a blacksmith's apprentice with the firm of Weisel.

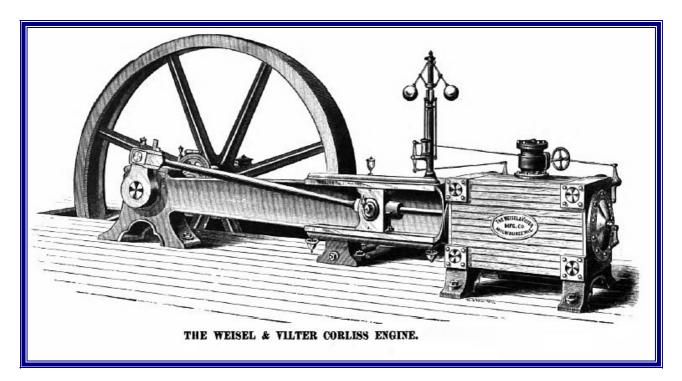
In 1867, Peter Weisel had started a small machine shop in Milwaukee. Theodore became a machine erector before promotion to foreman. In 1879, Ernest Vilter, father of Emil, Theodore and William, purchased a half interest in the business –the manufacture of slide-valve steam engines. The new company name was Weisel & Vilter and engaged in general machinery manufacturing including building engines, pumps and brewery machinery. [Milwaukee was then the centre of the US brewing industry and, over the years, Vilter built Corliss engines for the famous Pabst and Schlitz breweries]. In 1886, there was a further name change to Weisel & Vilter Manufacturing Company. Then in 1890, Weisel was bought out by the Vilter interests and Edward F Goes, and retired from business. Theodore Vilter became President of the company, with William as Secretary and Emil as General Superintendent. Goes became Vice-President. The company name changed to The Vilter Manufacturing Company.

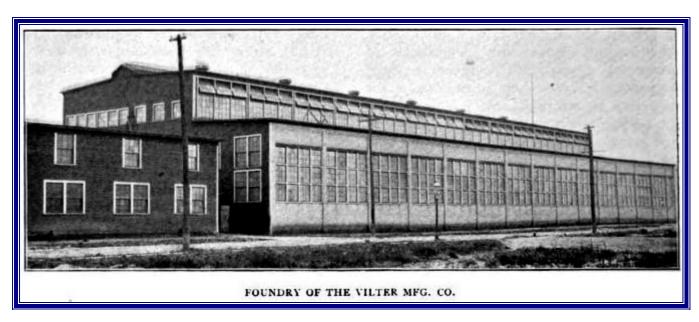
In 1882, Vilter built its first refrigerating machine. This was of a horizontal double-acting design operated by a Vilter horizontal Corliss engine. The company specialised in refrigeration from that time on. The factory was destroyed in the disastrous fire which devastated a large part of Milwaukee in 1892, but was soon rebuilt on a larger scale in Clinton Street with improved facilities. The company prospered and continued to manufacture refrigerating machines "which were shipped to the four corners of the world."

Theodore Vilter was active in both the industry and his community. He was a trustee of the German-English Academy, belonged to the Association of Commerce and served on the Milwaukee Sewerage Commission. He brought the International Convention of Refrigerating Engineers to Chicago in 1913. He was a member of ASME and was President of the ASRE in 1916. Theodore Vilter died on the morning of 19 September, 1919.



The factory in 1896



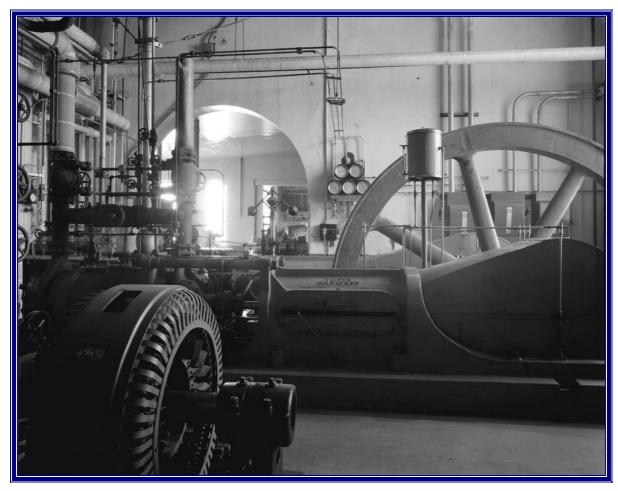


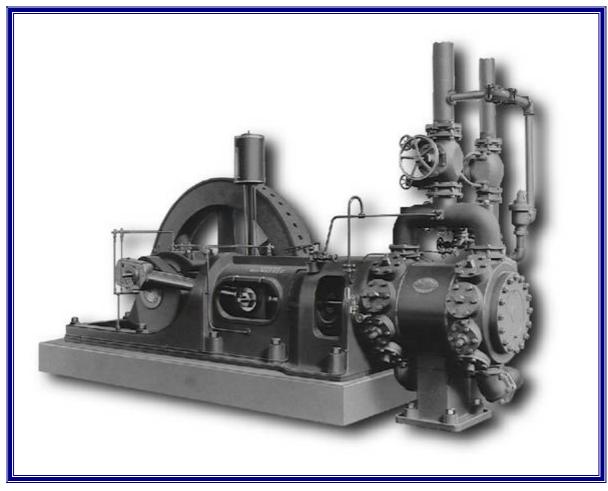


1903



The Schlitz Brewery, Milwaukee



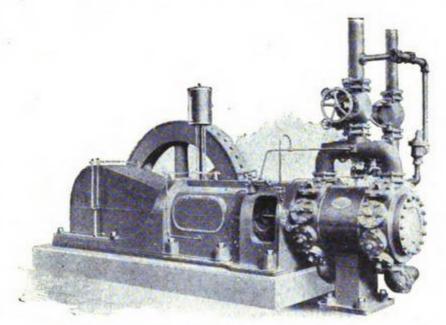


Early Vilter refrigerating machines

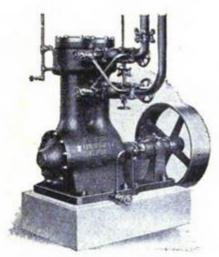
ESTABLISHED 1867

The Vilter Manufacturing Company

1022 Clinton Street, Milwaukee, Wis.



Vilter Horizontal High Speed Ammonia Compressor



Vertical Twin Cylinder Refrigerating Machine

Builders of
Ice Making and
Refrigerating
Machinery
Corliss &
Poppet Valve
Engines

If interested write for bulletins.

The Vilter machine is the acknowledged Standard by which all others are compared.



Advertisement from 1954

[Footnote: During the 1950s and later, Vilter was represented in London by Alfred Porter Ltd of Putney.]

References

What the Refrigerating Machine Companies have Contributed, Refrigerating Engineering, December, 1934

Proclaiming the Truth, ASHRAE Centennial Publication, 1995